

# UNIQ



## **USS-300/USS-301 CCD Camera User's Manual**

**091-0300 V1.2**  
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## **WARNING**

**TO PREVENT FIRE OR ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD,  
DO NOT EXPOSE THIS CAMERA UNIT TO RAIN OR MOISTURE.  
DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE CAMERA COVER OR MODIFY THE CAMERA UNIT,  
WARRANTY WILL BE VOIDED.**

## **PRECAUTIONS**

**Do not attempt to disassemble, modify, or repair the camera. Contact UNIQ for help.  
Do not point the camera at bright objects, such as the sun, for a long period. It may cause CCD blooming and permanent damages.  
Do not operate the camera beyond the temperature range. Avoid using the camera above 90% humidity.  
Do not use unregulated power supply source.  
Do not touch CCD glass cover with fingers or any hard objects other than professional glass cleaning solvents.**

## **Limited Warranty**

**UNIQ warrants to the original customer to be free from defects in material and workmanship for two full years from the date of original purchase. This warranty covers failures or damages due to defects in material or workmanship, which occur during normal use. It does not cover damages or failures, which result from shipment, mishandling, abuse, misuse, or modification.**

**A Return Material Authorization (RMA) number is required prior to returning any UNIQ product for repair or replacement.**

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**For immediate technical assistance, please call (408) 330-0818 or email to [tech@uniqvision.com](mailto:tech@uniqvision.com)**

# 1. Introduction

## 1.1 General Description

The USS-300/USS-301 series is an automatic exposure control (electronic shutter) camera using near infrared (NIR) CCD imager. The camera is four times more sensitive than the conventional CCD camera at 945 nm wavelength. Smear is significantly reduced and dynamic range is much greater than the conventional CCD cameras. The camera works very well between low light and sunlight conditions. The high gain circuitry provides clear video quality at low light condition. In a daylight condition, the camera will automatically convert the saturated incoming light source into a constant viewable video level with its auto electronic shutter control.

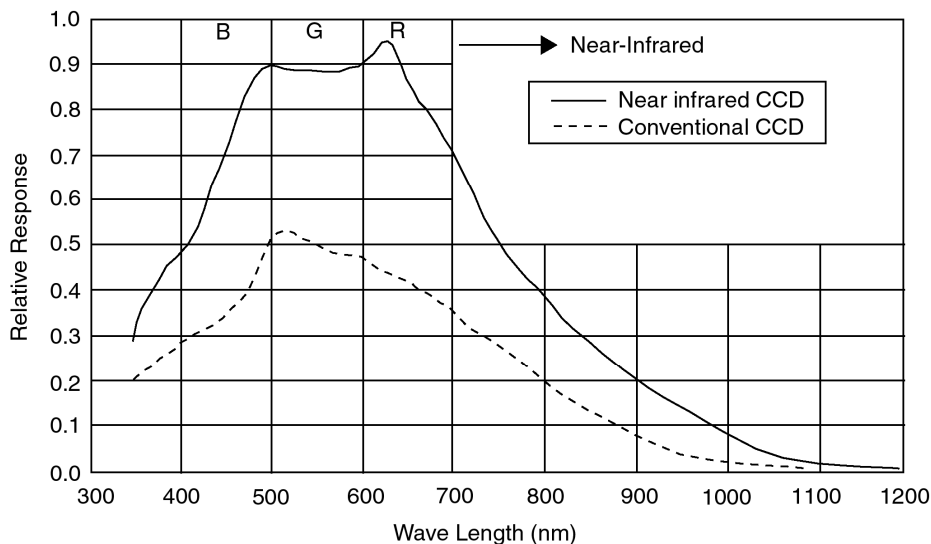
## 1.2 Features

- 0.0005 lux (AGC max.) min. illumination
- High sensitivity (high gain)
- 1/2" EXview HAD CCD\* Imager
- 768 x 494 (EIA); 752 x 582 (CCIR)
- Auto electronic shutter control (1/60 – 1/100000 sec.)
- 56 dB (AGC Off)
- Compact Size and lightweight
- AGC/MGC selectable
- Gamma 1.0/0.45 selectable

## 1.3 Applications

USS-300/USS-301 applications include low light, airborne, outdoor surveillance, vehicles and unmanned vehicles, and other applications where high gain and an auto iris function are needed without using an auto iris lens.

## 1.4 CCD Imager Spectral Response Curve

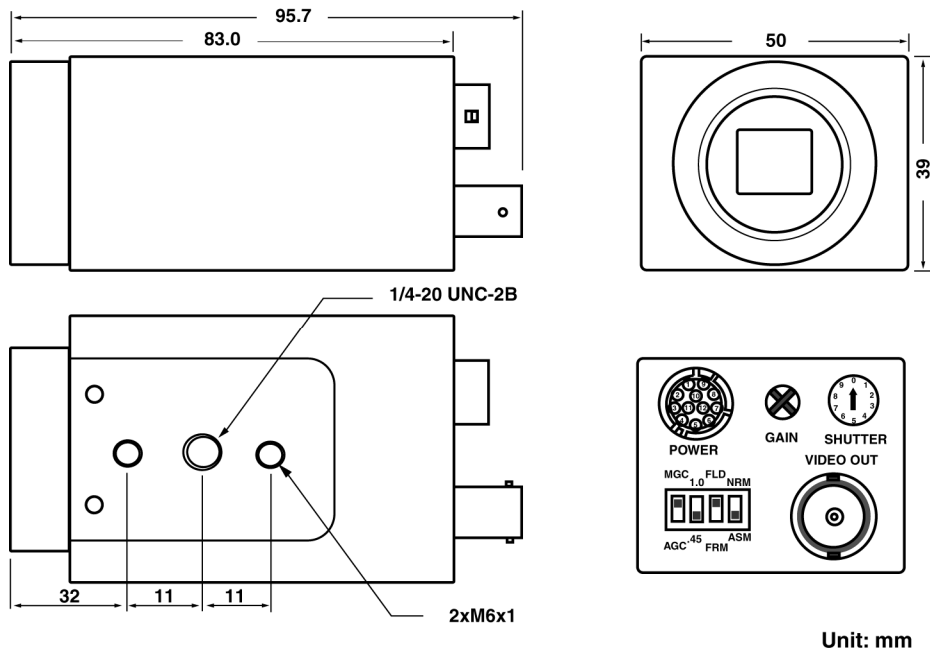


\* EXview HAD CCD is a registered trademark of Sony Corporation.

## 1.5 Camera Specifications

| Model                    | USS-300 (EIA)                                    | USS-301 (CCIR)                                 |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| CCD Sensor               | 1/2" Interline-Transfer EXview HAD CCD           |  |
| Chip Size                | 6.4 mm x 4.8 mm                                  |  |
| Effective Pixels (H x V) | 768 x 494  | 752 x 582                                      |
| Unit Cell Size (H x V)   | 8.4 mm x 9.8 mm                                  | 8.6 mm x 8.3 mm                                |
| Scanning                 | 525 TV lines, 2:1 Interlaced or Non-interlaced   | 625 TV lines; 2:1 Interlaced or Non-interlaced |
| Synchronization          | HD: 15.734KHz; VD: 59.94.0Hz                     | HD: 15.625KHz; VD: 50Hz                        |
| TV Resolution            | H: 570 TV Lines;<br>V: 375 TV Lines              | H: 560 TV Lines;<br>V: 450 TV Lines            |
| S/N Ratio                | 56dB (AGC OFF, Gamma 1.0)                        |  |
| Min. Illumination        | 0.0005 lux                                       |  |
| Video Output             | 1 V p-p, 75ohm (BNC or 12 pin Hirose)            |  |
| AGC                      | AGC/MGC selectable                               |  |
| Gamma                    | Gamma 0.45/1.0 selectable                        |  |
| Frame Mode               | Field mode only ( <b>ASM</b> )                   |  |
| Electronic Shutter       | 1/60 ~ 1/100,000 auto electronic shutter control |  |
| Lens Mount               | C-Mount  |  |
| Operating Temperature    | -10 °C ~ +55 °C                                  |  |
| Power Requirement        | 12V DC, 210mA, 2.5W                              |  |
| Dimension                | 50mm x 39mm x 83mm                               |  |
| External Synchronization | Internal/External Auto Switch                    |  |
| Long Term Integration    | 1/30 sec. ~ 2 sec. (user control)                |  |
| Weight                   | 155 g  |  |

## 1.6 Camera Dimension



## 2. Camera Setup

### 2.1 Basic Camera Setup

For basic camera setup, as shown in Figure 1, one USS-300/USS-301 camera, one standard C-mount lens, one TV monitor, one PS-12C power supply unit or equivalent, and one BNC cable (75Ω) are required. Make sure the camera has the correct settings before powering up. See section 3 for details.

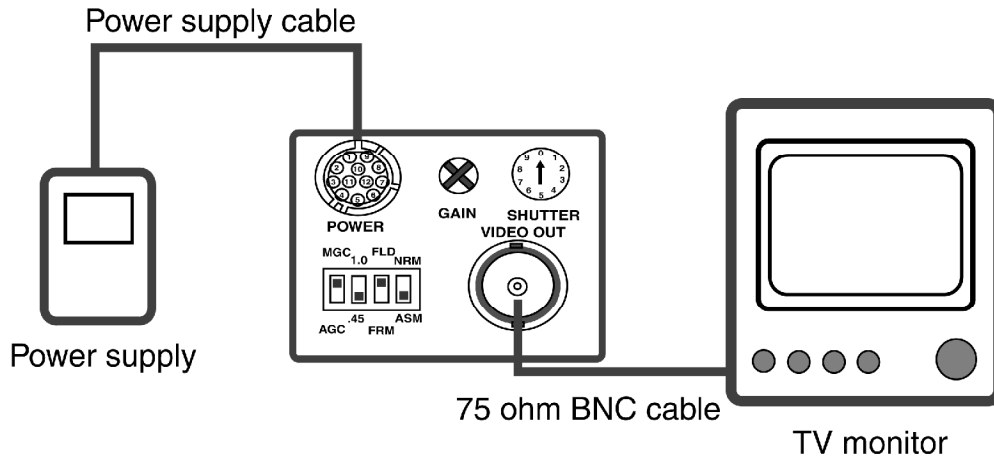


Figure 1. Basic Camera Setup

### 2.2 Camera and Frame Grabber System Setups

A basic camera and frame grabber system setup, as shown in Figure 2 below, requires a USS-300/USS-301 camera, a standard C-mount lens, a PS-12C power supply, a PC system and VGA monitor, a frame grabber or interface card, and an external trigger device if necessary.

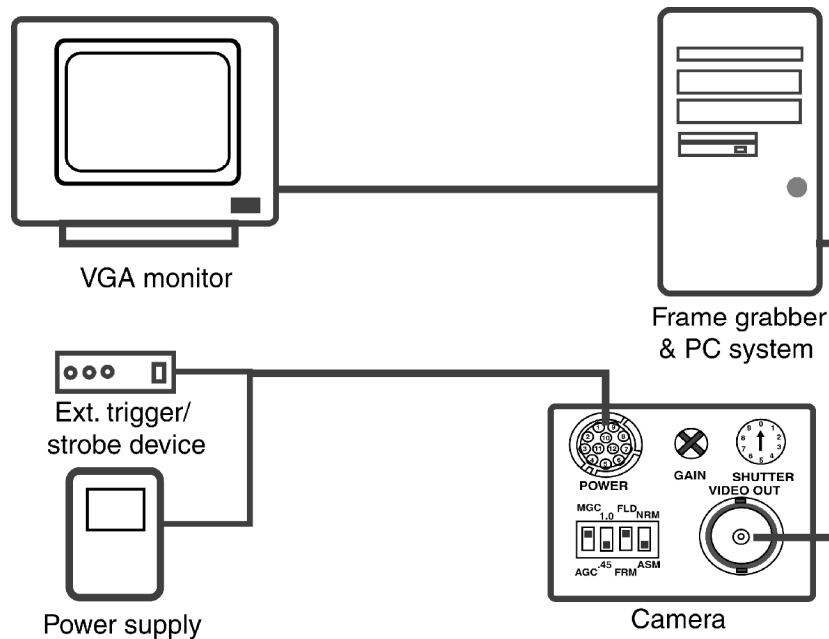


Figure 2. Camera and Frame Grabber System Setup

# 3. Camera Functions

## 3.1 12-Pin Connector

The 12-pin Hirose connector is located on the rear plate of the camera. All ground signals on pin # 1, 3, 5, 8, 10, and 12 are common grounds. Although +12 V DC input is recommended on pin #2, this camera should withstand +12 V ± 1V input voltage. Make sure to set the NRM/ASM switch to NRM position on rear plate for external HD and VD locking. Apply TTL signal on HD (pin # 6) and VD (pin # 7) inputs if necessary, refer to section 4 for details. Figure 3 below shows a top view of the 12-pin Hirose connector.

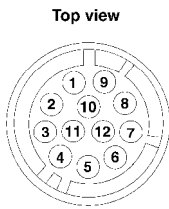


Figure 3. 12-Pin Hirose Connector

| Pin No. | Description         | Note |
|---------|---------------------|------|
| 1       | GND                 |      |
| 2       | +12V DC input       |      |
| 3       | GND                 |      |
| 4       | Video               |      |
| 5       | GND                 |      |
| 6       | External HD         | TTL  |
| 7       | External VD         | TTL  |
| 8       | GND                 |      |
| 9       | N/C                 |      |
| 10      | GND                 |      |
| 11      | Integration control | TTL  |
| 12      | GND                 |      |

## 3.2 Mode Switch Selection

- MGC- Manual gain control
- AGC- Automatic gain control
- 1.0- Gamma 1.0
- .45- Gamma 0.45
- FLD- Field mode
- FRM- Frame mode
- NRM- Normal/Manual mode
- ASM- Auto electronic shutter control mode (**Default**)

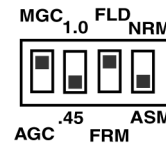


Figure 4. Mode Switch

## 3.3 Shutter Speed Dial Switch

Shutter speed dial switch is located on the rear panel (Figure 5). The camera default setting is at ASM. For normal shutter speed, it has 9 different shutter speeds to select from. Position # 0 is standard scanning speed, 1/60 second. As “Position #” goes higher, the shutter speed goes higher and the video becomes darker.

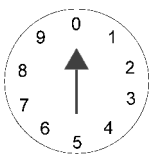


Figure 5. Shutter Speed Dial Switch

| Position No. | Shutter Speed in second    |  |
|--------------|----------------------------|--|
|              | Normal Mode ( <b>NRM</b> ) | Async Mode ( <b>ASM</b> )                            |
| 0            | 1/60 (Off)                 | Auto electronic shutter control:<br>1/60 ~ 1/100,000 |
| 1            | 1/120                      |  |
| 2            | 1/250                      |  |
| 3            | 1/500                      |  |
| 4            | 1/1000                     |  |
| 5            | 1/2000                     |  |
| 6            | 1/4500                     |  |
| 7            | 1/6000                     |  |
| 8            | 1/10000                    |  |
| 9            | 1/31000                    |  |

## 3.4 Normal/Manual and Auto Electronic Shutter Control Mode (NRM/ASM)

The camera default setting is in ASM mode. To disable the default setting (auto electronic shutter mode), switch to NRM.

### 3.5 Gain Control Mode (AGC/MGC)

#### Automatic gain control (AGC):

AGC/MGC switch is located on the rear plate.

AGC factory setting is 2V for AGC control and 3V for AGC MAX control. Therefore, the maximum gain is about 18dB as shown in Figure 6 below. AGC setting cannot be changed through the rear gain potentiometer.

#### Manual gain control (MGC):

The manual gain control can be adjusted from 5dB to 18dB through the gain potentiometer on rear plate. 32dB gain can be obtained through custom orders.

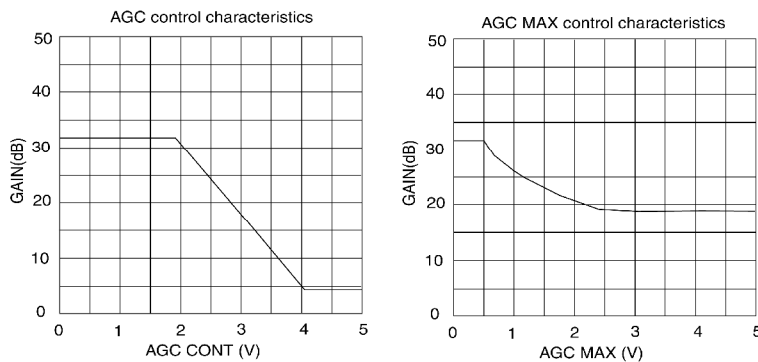


Figure 6. AGC and AGC MAX Control Characteristics

### 3.6 Gamma 1.0 and 0.45 Mode

Gamma is the numerical value of the degree of contrast in a television picture. Gamma correction is the system response modification by providing linear transfer characteristic from the input to output. In general, circuit built into a TV camera to compensate for non-linearity that exists in display tubes. If the camera is connected directly to a frame grabber, it is desired to set to Gamma 1.0. For direct connection to a TV monitor, gamma 0.45 is recommended, since TV monitor has a non-linear correction. In general, gamma 0.45 is noisier than gamma 1.0, which is why gamma 1.0 is chosen for machine vision applications. Gamma 0.45 is preferred when seeing video at low light level, which is common for inspection by human eyes.

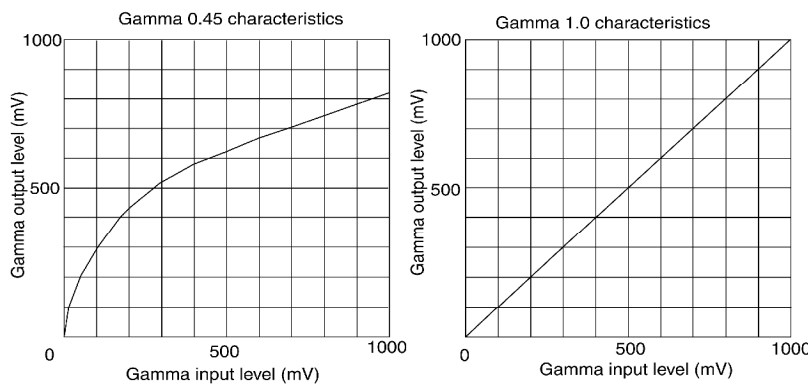


Figure 7. Gamma 1.0 and 0.45 Characteristics

### 3.7 Field and Frame Mode (FLD/FRM)



**Field Mode:**

Field/Frame mode switch is located on the rear panel. In field mode, two adjacent horizontal lines are combined and scanned out as shown in figure 8 shown below. There is one line offset between odd field and even field. The sensitivity in field mode is double for each field scanning (1/60 second). For any moving image capture, field mode is recommended in order to avoid the smearing phenomenon. However, the resolution is only one field, not full frame resolution.

**Frame Mode:**

In frame mode, every other horizontal line is scanned out; this is different from field mode as described above. For odd field, line 1 is scanned out first. For even field, line 2 is scanned first. Each field has 1/30 sec. period. Both odd and even field combined will form a full frame, a period of 1/30 second. For strobe, long-term integration, and non-moving image capturing, frame mode is recommended. In order to obtain a full frame image, a frame grabber must be applied to capture the image. It's difficult to distinguish the difference between field mode and frame mode on a standard TV monitor. In frame mode, shutter function is **disabled**.

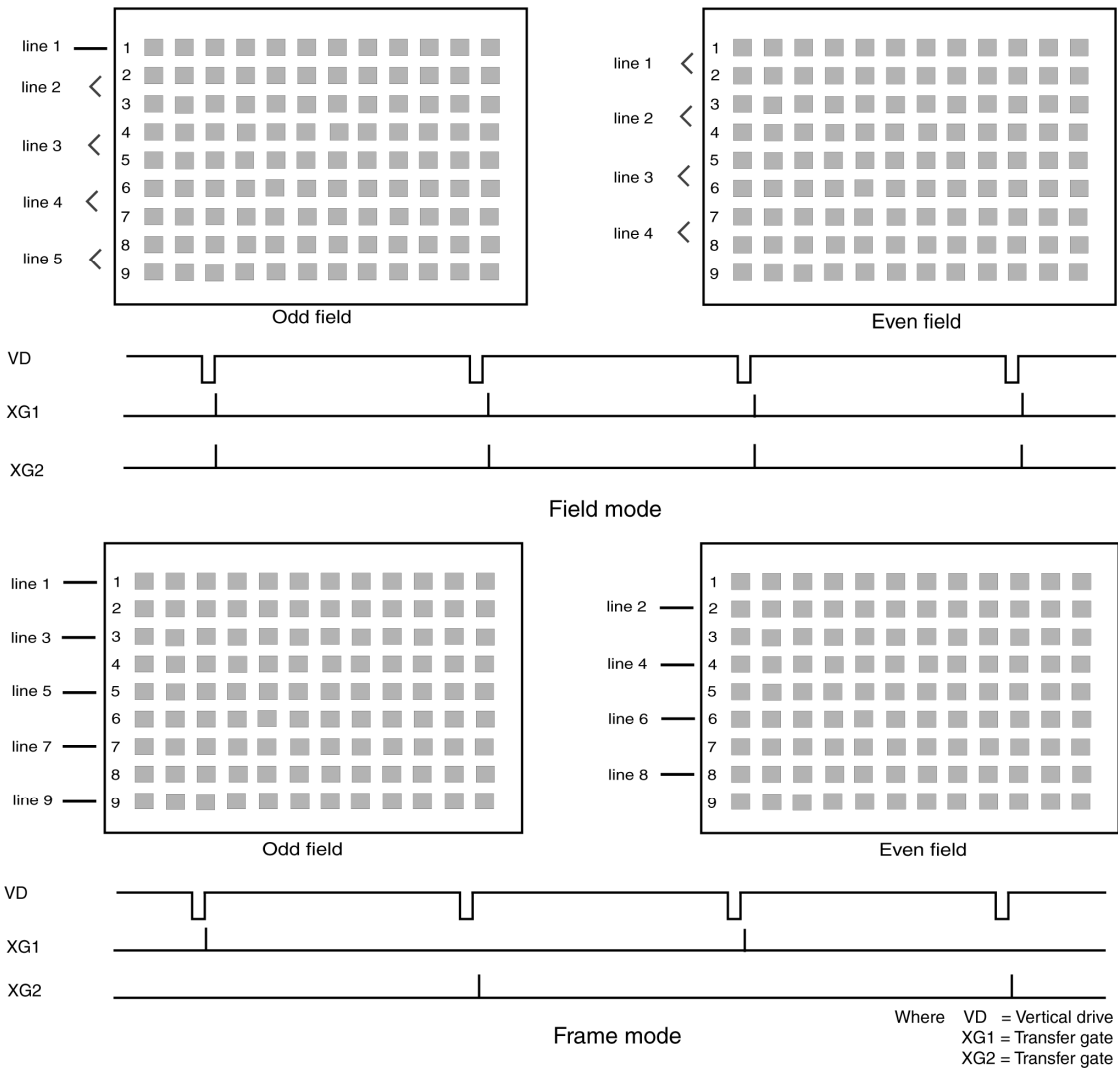


Figure 8. Field and Frame Mode

# 4. Timing Signals

## 4.1 External Synchronization and Gen-lock

When the camera is in NRM mode, the USS-300/USS-301 camera automatically locks to the external sync source. The external sync source must match the camera HD and VD specification, which are 15.734KHz and 59.94Hz respectively. Both external HD and VD are TTL level signals.

a) HD

H: 2.5V to 5V  
 L: 0V or GND  
 Pulse width: 5-50% duty cycle, see figure 10 shown below.

b) VD

H: 2.5V to 5V  
 L: 0V or GND  
 Pulse width: 0.5-50% duty cycle; must be RS-170 format (odd and even fields).

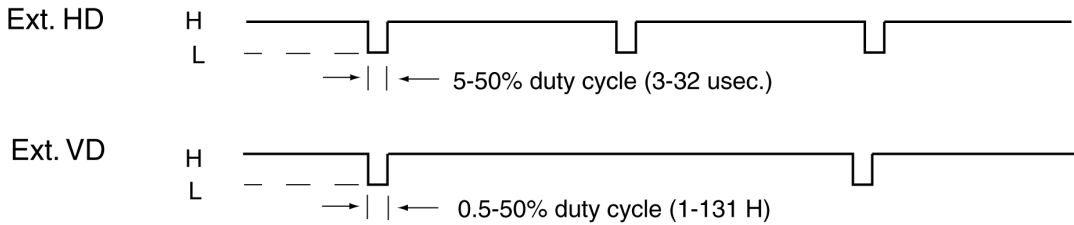


Figure 11. External Synchronization and Gen-lock Timing

## 4.2 Integration

The USS-300/USS-301 camera can be integrated up to 2 seconds without severe noise or dark current effect. Make sure the camera is set to NRM and FRM before preceding any integration; this will ensure that there will be a full frame video (both odd and even field). To start integration, pin #11 of the 12-pin connector must be connected to GND or 0V. The integrated video will be shifted out following the next vertical drive after pin #11 goes back to high or 5V level, as shown in figure 11 below. If a frame grabber does not capture the immediate two fields or integrated video, the normal video (before the integration) will display again on the monitor.

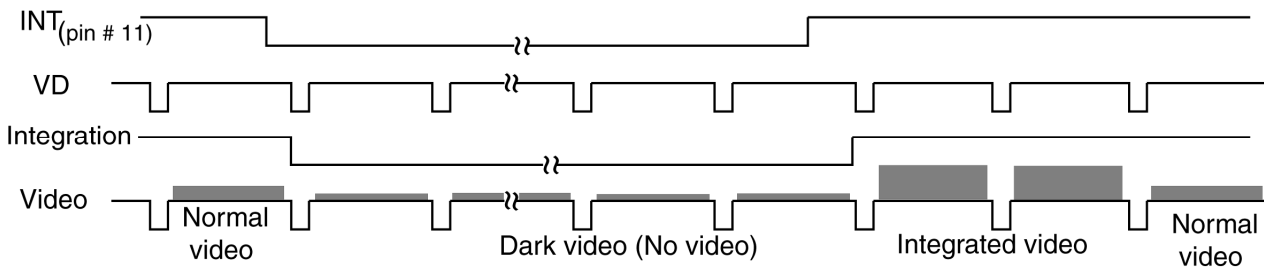


Figure 12. Integration Control Timing

## 5. Camera Malfunction

**WARNING: DO NOT ATTEMPT TO OPEN THE CAMERA HOUSING IN ANY CASE WITHOUT CONSENTING THE FACTORY.**

Camera malfunction rarely happens. In case camera malfunctions, the following troubleshooting procedures would help to minimize the problem; it definitely helps the user to find out the actual problem and may save a trip for sending the camera back to the factory.

First of all, disconnect the 12-pin Hirose power connector and BNC cable from the camera unit. Make sure there is nothing connected to the camera at this time.

Check the 12V DC power supply at the 12-pin connector cable and make sure it does provide the right voltage to the 12-pin connector.

Make sure to set the camera shutter dial switch back to 0 position and NRM/ASM to NRM location.

If frame grabber was connected to the camera, disconnect it.

Now, power up the camera, and connect it to a TV monitor with a BNC cable. Make sure the monitor and BNC cable are good. Point the camera at a bright scene without a lens on, a blank or bright display should be seen on the TV monitor. Covering the CCD camera with hand or lens cap should see a dark video. If no video occurs, most likely the CCD camera is damaged. Consult the technical support at the factory.

If there is video but it is not clean or bad, it is possible that the CCD imager glass is dirty because of the dirt on CCD glass surface or the CCD camera is partially damaged. Use high-pressure air to blow the dirt away if the CCD glass is not clean. If the problem still exists, contact the UNIQ technical support for help.

If there is video on TV monitor but not with a frame grabber, most likely the problem is from the frame grabber's software or hardware. Consult the frame grabber factory for further details. If a lens is used, make sure the iris is wide open.

## 6. Technical Support Information

For technical assistance, contact UNIQ Technical Support or Applications Engineer at

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